300 West Seventh Street, Suite B Fort Worth, Texas 76102 Telephone toll-free: 1-866-809-4553 Website: www.sjbrt.com

January 31, 2019

IMPORTANT TAX INFORMATION

To Unit holders:

We enclose the following material, which provides Unit holders with some of the information necessary to compute the 2018 federal income tax consequences of owning Units:

- (a) Grantor Trust Schedule A for 2018
- (b) Information and Instructions
- (c) Supplemental Tax Tables and Worksheet

Unit holders are encouraged to read the enclosed material very carefully and to retain it as part of their tax records. The information and instructions contained herein are designed to assist Unit holders who are U.S. citizens in complying with their federal and state tax reporting requirements and should not be construed as advice to any specific Unit holder. Unit holders should also consult any Internal Revenue ("IRS") Forms 1099 and written tax statements issued by certain middlemen (discussed in more detail on page 4) that hold Trust Units on their behalf.

Unit holders will need to determine the following information from their records:

- Number of Units held in 2018 as of each monthly Record Date (the last business day of the month)
- Original basis (the total purchase price of the Units including any commissions paid)
- Dates Units were acquired or sold
- Amount of depletion allowed or allowable in prior years

All Unit holders must compute their depletion deduction for federal tax reporting purposes. See "Computation of Depletion" instructions on page 4. For your convenience, simple income/expense and cost depletion calculators are available on the home page and in the tax information section of the San Juan Basin Royalty Trust website: www.sjbrt.com.

Unit holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding all tax compliance matters relating to the Units.

Compass Bank, Trustee

Joshua R. Peterson

Senior Vice President and Trust Officer

Joshun R. Peterson

SAN JUAN BASIN ROYALTY TRUST

EIN 75-6279898

Cusip # 798241105

SCHEDULE A TO FORM 1041, GRANTOR TRUST FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Federal and State Income Tax Information See Instructions Before Filing

PART I ROYALTY INFORMATION PER UNIT

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Source	Gross Income	Severance Tax	Net Royalty Payment	Cost Depletion Factor*	Production
San Juan Basin Properties					
New Mexico					
1. Oil	\$0.033350	\$0.002962	\$0.030388		0.000651 BBLS
2. Gas	0.439808	0.055537	0.384271	_	0.228158 MCF
3. Total Oil and Gas for Year	\$0.473158	\$0.058499	\$0.414659 A	0.113717	

^{*}Percentage Depletion per Unit of \$0.070974 may be claimed for Units purchased after October 11, 1990, if the Percentage Depletion amount is greater than the Cost Depletion amount.

PART II OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE PER UNIT

Item	Total
1. Interest Income	\$0.000802 B
2. Administration Expense	\$0.029783 C

PART III RECONCILIATION OF TAXABLE INCOME AND CASH DISTRIBUTION PER UNIT

T4 - ---

<u>item</u>	1 otal
1. Taxable Income Per Unit, Excluding Depletion (A + B - C)	\$0.385678
2. Reconciling Items	0.000000
3. Cash Distribution Per Unit	\$0.385678

T-4-1

EIN: 75-6279898

300 West Seventh Street, Suite B Fort Worth, Texas 76102 Telephone toll-free: 1-866-809-4553 Email: sjt.us@bbva.com Website: www.sjbrt.com

I.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX INFORMATION

1. Reporting of Income and Deductions.

(a) Direct Ownership Reporting. The San Juan Basin Royalty Trust (the "Trust") is a grantor trust for federal income tax purposes. Each Unit holder of the Trust is taxable on his pro rata share of the income and expenses of the Trust as if he were the direct owner of a pro rata share of the Trust income and assets. Thus, the taxable year for reporting a Unit holder's share of the Trust's income and expense is controlled by his taxable year and his method of accounting, not by the taxable year and method of accounting of the Trust. Therefore, a cash-basis Unit holder should report his pro rata share of income or expense of the Trust, received or paid by the Trust, during his tax year. An accrual-basis Unit holder should report his pro rata share of income or expense of the Trust accrued during his tax year. The income of the Trust is deemed to have been received or accrued by each Unit holder at the time such income is received or accrued by the Trust on each monthly Record Date (the last business day of each month) rather than when such income is distributed by the Trust (10 business days following each monthly Record Date). In either case, the income to be reported for 2018 is associated with amounts distributed in February 2018 through January 2019. Because the Trust is a grantor trust for federal income tax purposes, proper classification of Trust income and expense will be dependent upon the relevant facts and circumstances of each Unit holder. Accordingly, Unit holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding all tax compliance matters relating to the Units.

(b) Taxable Year.

Units held through a broker or nominee:

- Unit holders owning Units through a broker or nominee who report on a calendar year basis and who have owned the same number of Units throughout such calendar year should refer to Schedule A on page 2.
- Unit holders who purchased or sold Units in the calendar year should refer to the information on pages 8 through 10.
- Unit holders who report on the basis of a fiscal year other than the calendar year may contact the Trustee for further information.

Units held in direct registration or certificate form: An individualized letter summarizing taxable income for the calendar year is enclosed.

- (c) Types and Reporting of Trust Income and Deductions. The Trust holds a net overriding royalty in oil and gas properties known as the San Juan Basin Properties-New Mexico (hereinafter referred to as the Royalty). In general, the net overriding royalty income is computed monthly based on proceeds realized in the preceding month by the owner of the interests from which the Royalty was created from oil and gas produced in an earlier month less the applicable costs and expenses. The Trustee receives such net overriding royalty income on the last day of the month.
 - (i) Gross Income. The gross amount of net overriding royalty income received by the Trust from the Royalty during the 12-month period is reported on a per-Unit basis in Column (a) of Part 1 on page 2.
 - (ii) Severance tax. Severance tax paid by the Trust during the 12-month period is reported on a per-Unit basis in Column (b) of Part I on page 2.
 - (iii) *Interest Income*. Interest income received by the Trustee during the 12-month period is reported on a per-Unit basis as Item 1 of Part II on page 2.
 - (iv) Administration Expenses. Administration expenses are paid on the last day of the month in which they accrue. The amount so accrued and paid during the 12-month period is reported on a per-Unit basis as Item 2 of Part II on page 2.
- (d) *Unit Multiplication*. Because each schedule reflects only results on a per-Unit basis, each Unit holder must determine the aggregate amounts for all Units held by him to obtain the amounts to report on his tax return. Each Unit holder who held the same number of Units for all 12 months of the calendar year should multiply the gross royalty income and severance tax shown in Part I and the interest income and administration expense shown in Part II by the number of Units owned by a Unit holder during the 12-month period to obtain the amounts to be reported on his tax return. For the convenience of Unit holders who acquired or sold Units during 2018, Tables 1 through 6 are included to assist in the computation of gross royalty income,

severance tax, interest income, administration expenses, and depletion. These tables are only for those Unit holders who have a calendar year as their taxable year. Depletion per Unit must be computed as provided in the Computation of Depletion instructions below.

(e) *Individual Taxpayers*. For Unit holders who hold the Units as an investment and who file *Form 1040* for 2018, it is suggested that the items of income and deduction computed from the appropriate schedules be reported in the following manner:

Item	Form 1040
Gross Royalty Income	Line 4, Part I, Schedule E
Depletion	Line 18, Part I, Schedule E
Severance Tax	Line 16, Part I, Schedule E
Administration Expense	Line 19, Part I, Schedule E
Interest Income	Line 1. Part I. Schedule B

On pages 5 and 6, we have reproduced page one of *Schedule E to Form 1040*, and *Schedule B to Form 1040* and identified the specific location of each item of income and expense listed above.

- (f) Nominee Reporting. Nominees, brokers, custodians and certain joint owners holding an interest for a client in street name, referred to herein collectively as "middlemen," should report the distributions from the Trust as royalty income on Form 1099-MISC, and report interest income on Form 1099-INT. The taxable amount before depletion should be reported in accordance with the attached schedules. In years where there are no reconciling items, the net taxable income, excluding depletion, will equal the cash distributions from the Trust.
- (g) WHFIT Classification. The Trust is a widely-held fixed investment trust ("WHFIT") classified as a non-mortgage widely held fixed investment trust ("NMWHFIT") for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Compass Bank, 300 West Seventh Street, Suite B, Fort Worth, Texas 76102, EIN: 63-0476286, telephone number 1-866-809-4553, e-mail address: sjt.us@bbva.com, is the representative of the Trust that will provide tax information in accordance with the applicable U.S. Treasury Regulations governing the information reporting requirements of the Trust as a WHFIT and a NMWHFIT. Tax information is also posted by the Trustee at www.sjbrt.com.
 - Notwithstanding the foregoing, the middlemen holding Trust Units on behalf of Unit holders, and not the Trustee of the Trust, are solely responsible for complying with the information reporting requirements under the U.S. Treasury Regulations with respect to such Trust Units, including the issuance of IRS Forms 1099 and certain written tax statements. Unit holders whose Trust Units are held by middlemen should consult with such middlemen regarding the information that will be received from and reported by the middlemen with respect to the Trust Units.
- 2. **Computation of Depletion.** Each Unit holder's allowable depletion on Units acquired before October 12, 1990 is his cost depletion with respect to the Royalty. For Units acquired after October 11, 1990 each Unit holder's allowable depletion is the greater of cost depletion or percentage depletion with respect to the Royalty.
 - (a) Percentage Depletion. The tax law allows percentage depletion on proven properties acquired after October 11, 1990. For Units acquired after such date, the Unit holder should compute both percentage depletion and cost depletion, and claim the larger amount as a deduction on his or her income tax return. Unlike cost depletion, the allowance for percentage depletion may continue after the Unit holder's basis is reduced to zero. The percentage depletion amount for each Unit holder who acquired Units after October 11, 1990 should equal the gross royalty income amount multiplied by 15%. A Unit holder who may be entitled to a percentage depletion deduction should use Table 5 to compute his depletion deduction. The worksheet and instructions provided on pages 11 and 12 assume a Unit holder will take the cost depletion deduction.
 - For Unit holders who acquired their Units before October 12, 1990, no percentage depletion is allowable under the exemption for independent producers and royalty owners provided by IRC Section 613A (c), because the Royalties were proven properties at the time of their transfer. No percentage depletion is allowable under the exemption for certain gas wells provided by IRC Section 613A (b), because none of the gross income from the Royalties constitutes income from "fixed contract gas" under that section.
 - (b) Cost Depletion. To compute cost depletion, each Unit holder who owned the same number of Units throughout all 12 months of the calendar year should multiply his basis in the Royalty (reduced by prior years' depletion, if any) by the factor indicated on Column (d) of Part I of Schedule A on page 2, which factor was obtained by dividing the estimated quantity of reserves at the beginning of the year into the quantity produced and sold during the period.
 - A Cost Depletion Worksheet is included on page 12 to assist Unit holders in computing their cost depletion deduction. The Worksheet is divided into two parts. Part A pertains to Units that have been held the entire calendar year and Part B pertains to Units that were acquired or sold during the year. Unit holders who use Part B should obtain their cost depletion factors for their applicable period of ownership in 2018 from Table 6. Notes are contained in the Specific Instructions for Cost Depletion Worksheet on page 11 to explain certain aspects of the depletion calculation.

Note: A cost depletion calculator is available on the San Juan Basin Royalty Trust website: www.sjbrt.com

Individual Unit Holder's Specific Location of Income and Expense on Schedule E

l l	SCHE	DULE E		C.umplares t - I	lac		المما			,	OME	No. 1545-0	074	
			(From	Supplemental rental real estate, royalties, partnersh					rusts. RE				074	
	•	nt of the Treasury	(► Attach to Form 10-						,,	2	O 1 6	5	
	Internal R	evenue Service (99)		► Go to www.irs.gov/ScheduleE fo	r inst	ructions	and th	e latest i	nformatio		Attachment Sequence No. 13			
	Name(s)	shown on return								Your socia	Your social security number			
	Part	Income o	r Loss	From Rental Real Estate and Roy	/altie:	s Note	: If you	are in the	business	of renting per				
	rare		Schedule C or C-EZ (see instructions). If you are an individual, report farm rental income or loss from Form									rm 4835 on page 2, line 40.		
				nts in 2018 that would require you to										
				u file required Forms 1099?							. 🗆 '	res 🗌 l	No	
	<u>1a</u> A	Physical addre	ess or e	ach property (street, city, state, ZIP	coae	9)								
	В													
	С													
	1b	Type of Prop (from list belo		2 For each rental real estate prop above, report the number of fai	erty li	sted			Rental	Personal Days		QJV	1	
	Α	(ITOTTI IIST DER	OW)	personal use days. Check the Conly if you meet the requiremer a qualified joint venture. See ins	e QJV box ents to file as A		Δ	Days				 		
	В			a qualified joint venture. See in	instructions.		В	+		+		_ =		
	С						С							
		f Property:		2 Vessties/Chart Terra Boats	c 1			7 0-14 5						
		le Family Reside i-Family Resider		Vacation/Short-Term Rental Commercial		yalties		7 Self-F 8 Other	describe	a)				
	Incom		1100	Properties:	- 110	Jannoo	Α	O Other		В		С		
Davidhi lasama		Rents received			3									
oss Royalty Income	4 Expen		/ed .		4								 	
ine 4					5									
				structions)	6									
				ance	7									
					8								\vdash	
		10 Legal and other professional fees												
				d to banks, etc. (see instructions)	12								<u> </u>	
					13								 	
everance Tax					15									
ine 16					16									
epletion					17								<u> </u>	
	18 19	Depreciation ex	pense	or depletion	18									
ine 18	20	Total expenses.	. Add li	nes 5 through 19	20									
dministration Expenses /				line 3 (rents) and/or 4 (royalties). If										
ine 19				nstructions to find out if you must										
ine 19				estate loss after limitation, if any,	21									
				structions)	22	()()	(
				ported on line 3 for all rental proper				23a						
				ported on line 4 for all royalty proper ported on line 12 for all properties				23b 23c						
				ported on line 12 for all properties				23d						
				ported on line 20 for all properties				23e						
	24 Income. Add positive amounts shown on line 21. Do not include any losses													
	25 Losses. Add royalty losses from line 21 and rental real estate losses from line 22. Enter total losses here								(\vdash			
	26 Total rental real estate and royalty income or (loss). Combine lines 24 and 25. Enter the res										1			
		Schedule 1 (Fo	rm 104	10), line 17, or Form 1040NR, line 1	18. Ó	herwise	, inclu	de this a	amount ir				1	
				je 2						26				
	For Par	nerwork Reduction	on Act I	Notice, see the separate instructions.			Cat	No. 11344	I.	Sch	edule F	(Form 104)	0) 201	

Individual Unit Holder's Specific Location of Interest Income on Schedule B

SCHEDULE B (Form 1040)		Interest and Ordinary Dividends ► Go to www.irs.gov/ScheduleB for instructions and the latest information.	2018 Attachment Sequence No. 08 Your social security number			
Department of the Trea Internal Revenue Servi Name(s) shown on re		► Attach to Form 1040.				
Part I	1	List name of payer. If any interest is from a seller-financed mortgage and the		Amo	ount	
	'	buyer used the property as a personal residence, see the instructions and list this				
Interest		interest first. Also, show that buyer's social security number and address ▶				
(See instructions and the						+
instructions for Form 1040,						
line 2b.)						\perp
Note: If you			1			+
received a Form 1099-INT, Form						+
1099-OID, or substitute						
statement from a brokerage firm,						\vdash
list the firm's name as the						+
payer and enter						
the total interest shown on that						\vdash
form.	2	Add the amounts on line 1	2			+
	3	Excludable interest on series EE and I U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989.				
		Attach Form 8815	3			
	4 Note:	Subtract line 3 from line 2. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 2b If line 4 is over \$1,500, you must complete Part III.	4	Amo	nunt	
Part II	5	List name of payer ►		7		
Ordinary Dividends (See instructions and the						
instructions for Form 1040, line 3b.)			5			F
Note: If you received a Form 1099-DIV or						+
substitute statement from a brokerage firm,						F
list the firm's name as the						
payer and enter						╄
the ordinary dividends shown	6	Add the amounts on line 5. Enter the total here and on Form 1040, line 3b ▶	6			+
	Note:	If line 6 is over \$1,500, you must complete Part III.		1		
		ust complete this part if you (a) had over \$1,500 of taxable interest or ordinary dividends; (Yes	No
Foreign	toreigr 7a	account; or (c) received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a foreign At any time during 2018, did you have a financial interest in or signature authority of	_			
Accounts	/a	At any time during 2016, did you have a financial interest in or signature authority of account (such as a bank account, securities account, or brokerage account) locat country? See instructions	ed in	a foreign		
and Trusts (See instructions.)		If "Yes," are you required to file FinCEN Form 114, Report of Foreign Bank Accounts (FBAR), to report that financial interest or signature authority? See FinC	and CEN F	Financial form 114		
,	b	and its instructions for filing requirements and exceptions to those requirements. If you are required to file FinCEN Form 114, enter the name of the foreign courfiguration of the foreign courfiguration.	ntrv v	here the		
	8	financial account is located ▶ During 2018, did you receive a distribution from, or were you the grantor of, or t foreign trust? If "Yes," you may have to file Form 3520. See instructions	ranste	eror to, a		
		on Act Notice, see your tax return instructions. Cat. No. 17146N		nedule B (For		

Interest Income_ Line 1

- 3. **Reconciliation of Net Income and Cash Distributions.** The difference between the per-Unit taxable income for a period and the per-Unit cash distributions, if any, reported for such period (even though distributed in a later period) is attributable to adjustments in Part III, Line 2 of Schedule A on page 2, labeled Reconciling Items. The Reconciling Items consist of items which are not currently deductible, such as increases in the cash reserves established by the Trustee for the payment of future expenditures, capital items and items which do not constitute taxable income such as reductions in previously established cash reserves. It is expected that normally the Reconciling Items will be negligible.
- 4. **Adjustments to Basis.** Each Unit holder should reduce his tax basis in the Royalty and in his Units by the amount of depletion allowable with respect to such Royalty.
- 5. **Federal Income Tax Reporting of Units Sold.** The sale, exchange, or other disposition of a Unit is a taxable transaction for federal income tax purposes. Gain or loss is computed under the usual tax principles as the difference between the selling price and the adjusted basis of a Unit. The adjusted basis in a Unit is the original cost or other basis of the Unit reduced (but not below zero) by any depletion which reduced the adjusted basis of the interest in the Royalty represented by such Unit. For Unit holders who acquired their Units after 1986, upon subsequent disposition of such Unit, a portion of the gain (if any) will be recaptured as ordinary income. The depletion recapture amount is an amount equal to the lesser of (i) the gain on such sale attributable to the disposition of the Royalty or (ii) the sum of the prior depletion deductions taken with respect to the Royalty (but not in excess of the initial basis of such Units allocated to the Royalty). The balance of any gain or any loss from the disposition of a Unit will be a capital gain or loss if such Unit was held by the Unit holder as a capital asset. The capital gain or loss will be long-term, if held more than 12 months or short-term, if held for 12 months or less. Unit holders should consult their tax advisers for further information
- 6. **Portfolio Income.** Royalty Income is generally considered portfolio income under the passive loss rules enacted by the Tax Reform Act of 1986. Therefore, it appears that Unit holders should not consider the taxable income from the Trust to be passive income in determining net passive income or loss. Unit holders should consult their tax advisers for further information.
- 7. **Tax Shelter Registration.** A tax shelter registration number is not a requirement for the San Juan Basin Royalty Trust. The rules for tax shelter registration apply only to those entities whose public offering occurred after August 31, 1984. Since the San Juan Basin Royalty Trust was established in 1980, the Trust is not subject to the 1984 rule.
- 8. **Units held in an IRA.** In most cases, payments from Units held in an IRA are tax-deferred, and no tax reporting is required. However, Unit holders should consult their tax advisers regarding their particular circumstances.
- 9. **Unrelated Business Taxable Income.** In general, royalty income is not taxable as unrelated business taxable income. However, certain organizations that are generally exempt from tax under IRS Section 501 are subject to tax on certain types of business income defined in IRC Section 512 as unrelated business income. The income of the Trust should not be unrelated business taxable income to such organizations, so long as the Trust Units are not "debt-financed property" within the meaning of IRC Section 514(b). In general, a Trust Unit would be debt-financed if the Trust Unit holder incurs debt to acquire a Trust Unit or otherwise incurs or maintains a debt that would not have been incurred or maintained if the Trust Unit had not been acquired.

II.

STATE INCOME TAX RETURNS

All revenues from the Trust are from sources within New Mexico, which has an income tax calculated similarly to the federal income tax. Royalty income of the Trust will be subject to New Mexico income tax. Unit holders should consult their tax advisers regarding state income tax filing requirements. The website for the New Mexico Taxation & Revenue Department is http://www.tax.newmexico.gov. Forms and instructions can be printed from the website. For information and general assistance with filing a New Mexico return, call (505) 827-0700.

The Trustee has been informed that the New Mexico Oil and Gas Proceeds and Pass-Through Entity Withholding Tax Act requires remitters who pay certain oil and gas proceeds from production on New Mexico wells to withhold income taxes from such proceeds in the case of certain nonresident recipients. The Trustee, on advice of New Mexico counsel, has observed that "net profits interests," such as the Royalty, and other types of interests, the extent of which cannot be determined with respect to a specific share of the oil and gas production as well as amounts deducted from payments that are for expenses related to oil and gas production are excluded from the withholding requirements of the above-described Act.

III. TAX ISSUES

Under current law, the Trust should be treated as a grantor trust for federal income tax purposes, and the income of the Trust should be taxable to the Unit holders as if amounts owed or paid to the Trust were owed or paid directly to the Unit holders pro rata; and each Unit holder should be entitled to depletion deductions equal to the greater of cost depletion based on his basis in the Units, or under certain circumstances, percentage depletion. The IRS has issued private letter rulings and technical advice memoranda indicating that royalty trusts similar to the Trust are taxable as grantor trusts. However, no rulings have been issued to the Trust and private rulings issued to other taxpayers do not bind the IRS in connection with the Trust. Hence, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not challenge this treatment.

The information and instructions contained in this booklet are designed to assist Unit Holders who are U.S. Citizens in complying with their federal income tax reporting requirements based on the treatment of the Trust as a grantor trust and should not be construed as tax advice to any specific Unit holder. A Unit holder should consult his own tax advisor regarding all tax compliance matters relating to such Unit holder's Units. To our knowledge, all other major Federal income tax issues relating to the Trust have been resolved by the Internal Revenue Service in a manner consistent with the tax consequences described in these instructions.

IV.

SUPPLEMENTAL TAX TABLES AND WORKSHEET

For calendar-year Unit holders who acquired, sold or exchanged Units during 2018, Supplemental Tax Tables 1-5 should be used to compute income, expenses, and if applicable, percentage depletion. Unit holders who have a taxable year other than December 31 should continue to use monthly tax Schedules B-1 through B-12 which are available on the Trust's website. Unit holders who have held the same number of Units the entire year and report on the calendar year should use Schedule A on page 2.

To assist all Unit holders in calculating their cost depletion deduction, Table 6 and the Cost Depletion Worksheet are provided on pages 11 and 12. Notes are contained in the Specific Instructions for the Cost Depletion Worksheet to explain and assist in preparing a Unit holder's cost depletion deduction. This worksheet assumes a Unit holder will take the cost depletion deduction. Some Unit holders may be entitled to a percentage depletion deduction in lieu of a cost depletion deduction, in which case Table 5 should be used to compute such Unit holder's depletion deduction.

Note: Simple income/expense and cost depletion calculators are posted on the San Juan Basin Royalty Trust website: www.sjbrt.com

EXAMPLE:

A brief example to illustrate the computation of the income, expenses, and depletion deduction should be helpful. Assume a Unit holder purchased 1,000 Units for \$6,900 (the holder's Basis) on May 10, 2018 and sold these Units on November 14, 2018. For these Units the Unit holder received cash distributions for May through October; therefore, the income, expenses, and depletion deduction attributable to these Units will be for this same period.

To use each table (1-6) for this example, a Unit holder should go down the left-hand column to the specific month when the Units were purchased and then across the page to the column which corresponds to the month for which the last cash distribution was received. In the above example, the Unit holder should go down the left-hand column to the fifth line (May) and across the page to the column titled October. This procedure would be repeated on each of the six tables. **The income, expense and depletion deduction calculations for the above example are summarized below:**

EXAMPLE - FOR ILLUSTRATION ONLY

DESCRIPTION	TABLE	AMOUNT PER UNIT	X	UNITS OR BASIS	Ξ	AMOUNT
Gross Royalty Income	1	0.187636	X	1,000 Units	=	\$187.64
Severance Tax	2	0.024024	X	1,000 Units	=	\$ 24.02
Interest Income	3	0.000542	X	1,000 Units	=	\$ 0.54
Administration Expense	4	0.012819	X	1,000 Units	=	\$ 12.82
Percentage Depletion *	5	0.028145	X	1,000 Units	=	\$ 28.15
Cost Depletion **	6	0.052159	X	\$6,900 Basis	=	\$359.90

^{*} Percentage Depletion may be claimed for Units purchased after October 11, 1990, if greater than Cost Depletion. For units acquired after such date, the Unit holder should compute both percentage depletion and cost depletion and claim the larger amount. Taxpayers should consult their tax advisors regarding deductibility of percentage depletion.

^{**} See Specific Instructions for Cost Depletion Worksheet on page 11 and the Cost Depletion Worksheet on page 12.

Table 1 2018 Gross Royalty Income (Cumulative \$ per Unit)

For a Unit acquired of record

And the last cash distribution on such Unit was

during the month of: attributable to the monthly record date for the month of:

						20	18					
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
January .	 0.076364	0.122293	0.160193	0.209744	0.230350	0.235079	0.269101	0.307939	0.307939	0.397380	0.443286	0.473158
February .		0.045929	0.083829	0.133380	0.153986	0.158715	0.192737	0.231575	0.231575	0.321016	0.366922	0.396794
March .			0.037900	0.087451	0.108057	0.112786	0.146808	0.185646	0.185646	0.275087	0.320993	0.350865
April .				0.049551	0.070157	0.074886	0.108908	0.147746	0.147746	0.237187	0.283093	0.312965
May .					0.020606	0.025335	0.059357	0.098195	0.098195	0.187636	0.233542	0.263414
June .						0.004729	0.038751	0.077589	0.077589	0.167030	0.212936	0.242808
July .							0.034022	0.072860	0.072860	0.162301	0.208207	0.238079
August .								0.038838	0.038838	0.128279	0.174185	0.204057
September									0.000000	0.089441	0.135347	0.165219
October .										0.089441	0.135347	0.165219
November .											0.045906	0.075778
December												0.029872

Table 2 2018 Severance Tax (Cumulative \$ per Unit)

For a Unit

acquired of record during the month of:

And the last cash distribution on such Unit was attributable to the monthly record date for the month of:

						20	18					
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
January ₋	 0.007980	0.014088	0.017585	0.024876	0.027806	0.028310	0.031525	0.036780	0.036780	0.048900	0.055160	0.058499
February ₋		0.006108	0.009605	0.016896	0.019826	0.020330	0.023545	0.028800	0.028800	0.040920	0.047180	0.050519
March _			0.003497	0.010788	0.013718	0.014222	0.017437	0.022692	0.022692	0.034812	0.041072	0.044411
April _				0.007291	0.010221	0.010725	0.013940	0.019195	0.019195	0.031315	0.037575	0.040914
May ₋					0.002930	0.003434	0.006649	0.011904	0.011904	0.024024	0.030284	0.033623
June ₋						0.000504	0.003719	0.008974	0.008974	0.021094	0.027354	0.030693
July ₋							0.003215	0.008470	0.008470	0.020590	0.026850	0.030189
August ₋								0.005255	0.005255	0.017375	0.023635	0.026974
September ₋									0.000000	0.012120	0.018380	0.021719
October										0.012120	0.018380	0.021719
November .											0.006260	0.009599
December .												0.003339

Table 3 2018 Interest Income (Cumulative \$ per Unit)

For a Unit acquired of record

And the last cash distribution on such Unit was

during the month of: attributable to the monthly record date for the month of:

during the n	iontii '	01.	attiibutab	ic to the mo	nuny recor	u uate for t	ne month o	L•					
							20	18					
		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
January		0.000040	0.000080	0.000113	0.000140	0.000163	0.000198	0.000226	0.000251	0.000298	0.000682	0.000716	0.000802
February			0.000040	0.000073	0.000100	0.000123	0.000158	0.000186	0.000211	0.000258	0.000642	0.000676	0.000762
March				0.000033	0.000060	0.000083	0.000118	0.000146	0.000171	0.000218	0.000602	0.000636	0.000722
April					0.000027	0.000050	0.000085	0.000113	0.000138	0.000185	0.000569	0.000603	0.000689
May						0.000023	0.000058	0.000086	0.000111	0.000158	0.000542	0.000576	0.000662
June							0.000035	0.000063	0.000088	0.000135	0.000519	0.000553	0.000639
July								0.000028	0.000053	0.000100	0.000484	0.000518	0.000604
August									0.000025	0.000072	0.000456	0.000490	0.000576
September										0.000047	0.000431	0.000465	0.000551
October											0.000384	0.000418	0.000504
November												0.000034	0.000120
December													0.000086

Table 4 2018 Trust Administration Expense (Cumulative \$ per Unit)

For a Unit acquired of record during the month of: And the last cash distribution on such Unit was attributable to the monthly record date for the month of:

_						2	018					
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
January _	0.001580	0.005476	0.009111	0.012205	0.015373	0.019035	0.020793	0.022760	0.022807	0.025024	0.027319	0.029783
February _		0.003896	0.007531	0.010625	0.013793	0.017455	0.019213	0.021180	0.021227	0.023444	0.025739	0.028203
March _			0.003635	0.006729	0.009897	0.013559	0.015317	0.017284	0.017331	0.019548	0.021843	0.024307
April _				0.003094	0.006262	0.009924	0.011682	0.013649	0.013696	0.015913	0.018208	0.020672
Мау _					0.003168	0.006830	0.008588	0.010555	0.010602	0.012819	0.015114	0.017578
June _						0.003662	0.005420	0.007387	0.007434	0.009651	0.011946	0.014410
July _							0.001758	0.003725	0.003772	0.005989	0.008284	0.010748
August _								0.001967	0.002014	0.004231	0.006526	0.008990
September _									0.000047	0.002264	0.004559	0.007023
October _										0.002217	0.004512	0.006976
November _											0.002295	0.004759
December _												0.002464

Table 5 **2018 Percentage Depletion Factors** (Cumulative)

For a Unit acquired of record during the month of:

And the last cash distribution on such Unit was attributable to the monthly record date for the month of:

							20	18					
	Janu	ary	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
January _	0.011	155	0.018344	0.024029	0.031462	0.034553	0.035262	0.040365	0.046191	0.046191	0.059607	0.066493	0.070974
February _			0.006889	0.012574	0.020007	0.023098	0.023807	0.028910	0.034736	0.034736	0.048152	0.055038	0.059519
March _				0.005685	0.013118	0.016209	0.016918	0.022021	0.027847	0.027847	0.041263	0.048149	0.052630
April _					0.007433	0.010524	0.011233	0.016336	0.022162	0.022162	0.035578	0.042464	0.046945
May _						0.003091	0.003800	0.008903	0.014729	0.014729	0.028145	0.035031	0.039512
June _							0.000709	0.005812	0.011638	0.011638	0.025054	0.031940	0.036421
July _								0.005103	0.010929	0.010929	0.024345	0.031231	0.035712
August _									0.005826	0.005826	0.019242	0.026128	0.030609
September _										0.000000	0.013416	0.020302	0.024783
October _											0.013416	0.020302	0.024783
November _												0.006886	0.011367
December													0.004481

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR COST DEPLETION WORKSHEET

Note 1: The original basis of your Units must be determined from your records and generally will be the amount paid for the Units including broker's commissions or the fair market value of such Units on the date they were distributed (November 3, 1980). However, there could be other taxable events which cause the original basis to be revised. For example, the original basis of Units passing through an estate could be changed to reflect the fair market value of the Units on date of death. Please consult your tax advisor concerning your original basis.

Note 2: When Units are acquired, sold or exchanged during the year, the cost depletion factor is calculated using one of the following procedures:

(a) UNITS ACQUIRED PRIOR TO 2018 AND SOLD DURING 2018:

Example: A Unit holder acquired Units prior to 2018 and sold them in June 2018. To calculate his cost depletion for the year, the Unit holder would use the cost depletion factor for January through May obtained from Table 6. In this example, the cost depletion factor would be 0.056089.

(b) UNITS ACQUIRED AND SOLD DURING 2018:

Example: A Unit holder acquired Units in February 2018 and sold them in November 2018. To calculate her cost depletion for the year, the Unit holder would use the cost depletion factor for February through October obtained from Table 6. In this example, the cost depletion factor would be 0.084743.

(c) UNITS ACQUIRED DURING 2018 AND STILL OWNED AT THE END OF 2018:

Example: A Unit holder acquired Units in March 2018 and still owned them at the end of 2018. To calculate his cost depletion for the year, the Unit holder would use the cost depletion factor for March through December obtained from Table 6. In this example, the cost depletion factor would be 0.088313.

Note: A cost depletion calculator is available on the San Juan Basin Royalty Trust website: www.sjbrt.com

Table 6 2018 Cost Depletion Factors (Cumulative)

For a Unit acquired of record during the month of:

And the last cash distribution on such Unit was attributable to the monthly record date for the month of:

2019

_	2018												
		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
January .		0.014612	0.025404	0.036692	0.047196	0.056089	0.063860	0.072129	0.080642	0.080642	0.099355	0.107891	0.113717
February .			0.010792	0.022080	0.032584	0.041477	0.049248	0.057517	0.066030	0.066030	0.084743	0.093279	0.099105
March				0.011288	0.021792	0.030685	0.038456	0.046725	0.055238	0.055238	0.073951	0.082487	0.088313
April					0.010504	0.019397	0.027168	0.035437	0.043950	0.043950	0.062663	0.071199	0.077025
May .						0.008893	0.016664	0.024933	0.033446	0.033446	0.052159	0.060695	0.066521
June .							0.007771	0.016040	0.024553	0.024553	0.043266	0.051802	0.057628
July ₋								0.008269	0.016782	0.016782	0.035495	0.044031	0.049857
August .									0.008513	0.008513	0.027226	0.035762	0.041588
September .										0.000000	0.018713	0.027249	0.033075
October	-										0.018713	0.027249	0.033075
November .												0.008536	0.014362
December .												_	0.005826

2018 Cost Depletion Worksheet

The following may help you calculate your cost depletion to be reported on your federal income tax return.

For your convenience, a cost depletion calculator is available on the San Juan Basin Royalty Trust website: www.sjbrt.com

A. If you owned the Units for the entire year, your cost depletion would be calculated as follows:

Cost Depletion	
11	II
Cost Depletion Factor	0.113717
×	×
Original Basis Less Cost Depletion Allowed or Allowable in Prior Years	
II	II
Cost Depletion Allowed or Allowable in Prior Years	
1	
Original Basis (Note 1)	
	San Juan Basin

B. If you sold or acquired Units during the year, your cost depletion for the portion of the year the Units were held would be calculated as follows:

Cost Depletion	
11	II
Partial Year Cost Depletion Factor (Note 2)	
×	×
Original Basis Less Cost Depletion Allowed or Allowable in Prior Years	
II	II
Cost Depletion Allowed or Allowable in Prior Years	
1	
Original Basis (Note 1)	
	San Juan Basin

Notes 1 and 2 are contained in the Specific Instructions for the Cost Depletion Worksheet on page 11.