Insights from Stifel's CIO Office

September 27, 2022

### INVESTMENT STRATEGY BRIEF:

When can the Federal Reserve shift policy?



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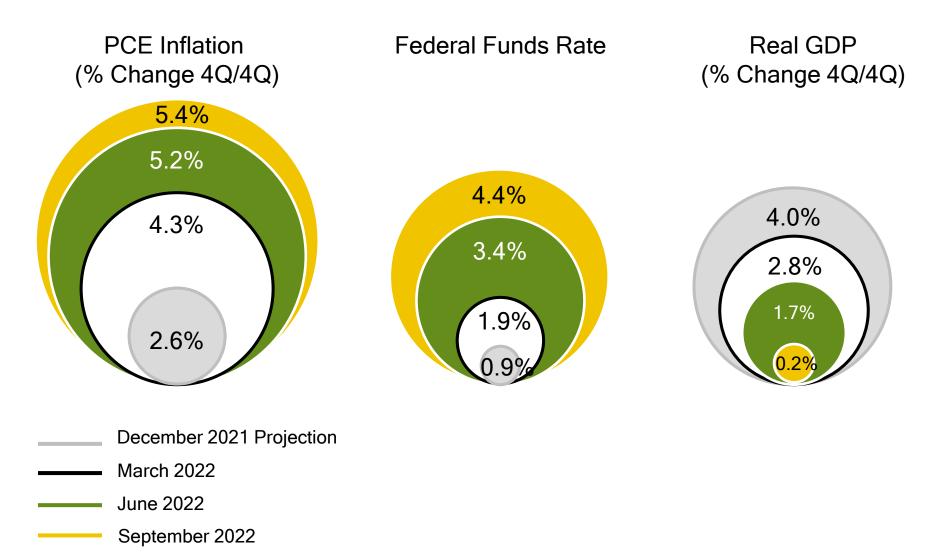
### When can the Fed shift policy?

### IMBALANCES DRIVING INFLATION



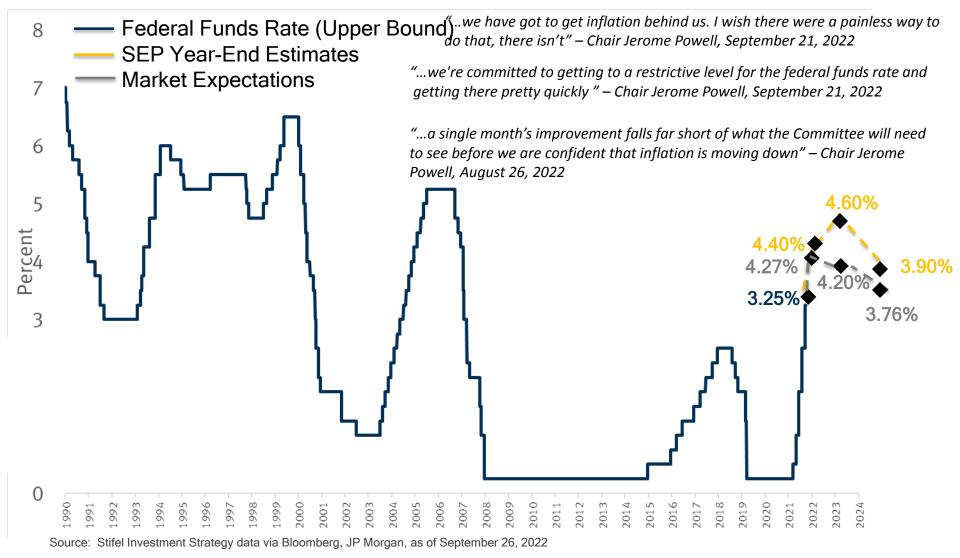
### THE FED HAS BEEN BEHIND

Market Sight/Lines - Federal Open Market Committee Update: Higher Rates for Longer



### THE FED IS MORE HAWKISH

#### Market Sight/Lines - Federal Open Market Committee Update: Higher Rates for Longer



### ECONOMIC GROWTH COLLAPSING

U.S. GDP	Q3 21	Q4 21	Q1 22	Q2 22	Q3 22	Q4 22	Q1 23	2020	2021	2022	2023
Consensus Estimates	2.3	6.9	-1.6	-0.6	1.4	1.0	0.8	-3.4	5.7	1.6	0.9
Stifel*	5.0	3.2	1.2	0.5	-1.1	-2.1	-0.8	-3.5	5.3	-1.3	0.4
Goldman Sachs	3.3	7.0	1.5	0.7	1.2	1.0	0.8	-3.4	5.7	1.6	1.2
Capital Economics	2.6	4.5	1.2	1.2	2.4	1.6	1.5	-3.5	5.7	1.9	1.2
Strategas	2.0	5.7	1.0	-0.5	1.0	1.0	0.0	-3.2	5.6	1.6	0.7
UBS	3.4	6.1	1.5	-0.8	0.8	1.0	0.9	-3.5	5.6	1.6	0.7
Wells Fargo	3.0	5.9	0.6	0.2	3.5	0.4	-0.7	-3.5	5.6	1.9	-0.2
Bloomberg Economics	3.5	5.0	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.4	1.3	-3.5	5.6	1.6	0.7
Barclays	3.0	5.5	1.5	-0.4	1.0	0.5	0.5	-3.5	5.6	1.6	0.2
JPMorgan Chase	3.0	7.0	1.1	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.8	-3.5	5.7	1.7	1.2
Bank of America ML	4.5	6.0	1.0	-1.5	1.0	0.5	-0.5	-3.5	5.6	1.6	-0.6
Federal Reserve**								-2.4	5.5	0.2	1.2

Annualized percent change from prior quarter and year-over-year change are shown for quarterly and yearly periods, respectively.

\*Based on Stifel sell-side Economics department estimates. \*\*Percent change from fourth quarter to fourth quarter one year ago.

Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 23, 2022. Federal Reserve estimates are as of September 21, 2022. Figures in grey areas under "Consensus Estimates" represent reported results.

# STIFEL ECONOMIC GROWTH COLLAPSING

#### Global Composite (manufacturing & services combined) Purchasing Managers' Index, quarterly



Source: Markit, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. The Composite PMI includes both manufacturing and services sub-indices. Heatmap colors are based on PMI relative to the 50 level, which indicates acceleration or deceleration of the sector, for the time period shown. Heatmap is based on quarterly averages, with the exception of the two most recent figures, which are single month readings. Data for the U.S. are back-tested and filled in from December 2007 to September 2009 due to lack of existing PMI figures. DM and EM represent developed markets and emerging markets, respectively. Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of September 22, 2022.

### INFLATION FIGHT MAY TRIGGER

#### **Recession-Recovery Dashboard**

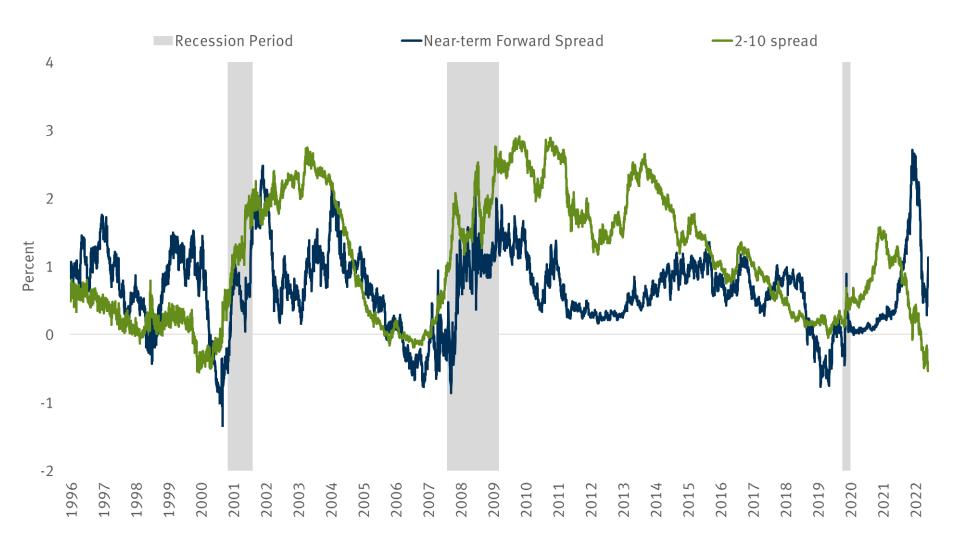


reviously in expansionary territory.

- Flatter **yield curve** indicates increased recession risk.
- Credit spreads have stabilized but remain close to historic average levels.
- Money supply growth has normalized on backdrop of continued Fed's balance sheet reduction.
- Wage growth is contributing to inflationary pressures.
- **Commodity** prices have eased but are still above our neutrality levels.
- With the Fed being laser focused on **inflation** by aggressively tightening monetary policy, the probability of recession has gone up.
- Housing starts have stalled on higher costs, chain supply issues, and weak builder confidence.
- Jobless claims have rolled-over on a solid labor market.
- Growth in **retail** sector is positive despite inflationary pressures.
- More people have been **quitting** jobs as leverage has shifted from employers to employees.
- **ISM** Manufacturing **New Orders** have just moved into moderate expansion after declining.
- **Profit margins** remain historically high but risks are meaningful due to price pressures.
  - Truck shipments indicate growth is slowing down.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY BRIEF 2022 Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 23,

### YIELD CURVE INVERSION



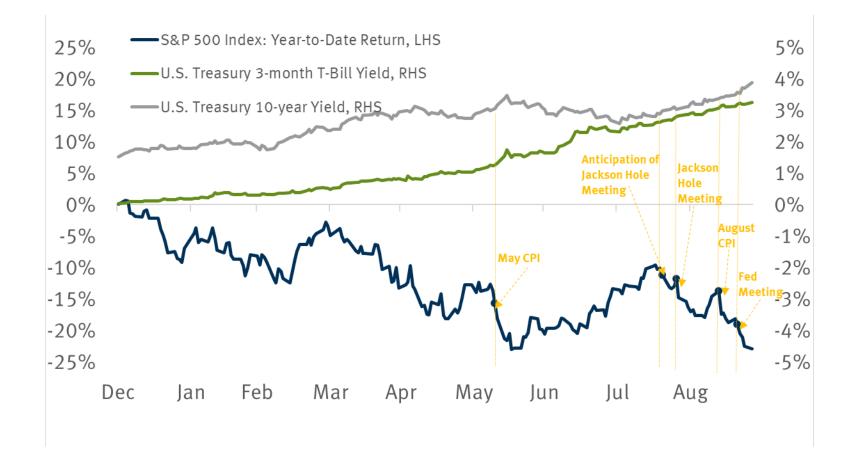
Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 26, 2022 (intra-day)

Near-term forward spread measures the expected three-month Treasury yield eighteen months in the future minus the current three-month Treasury rate.

### MOVING CLOSER TO RECESSION

EARLY Acceleration in economic growth	MID Positive, but moderating growth	LATE Growth rate slows to trend or below-trend	RECESSION Growth contracts
Lower consumer spending	Recovering consumer spending	Strong consumer spending	Falling consumer spending
Credit creation low	Credit creation rising	Credit creation rising faster	Credit creation declining
Company profits recovering	Company profits peaking	Company profits under pressure	Company profits contracting
Fiscal/monetary policy accommodative	Fiscal/monetary policy shifting to neutral	Fiscal/monetary policy contractionary	Fiscal/monetary policy easing

### MARKETS REACTING NEGATIVELY



Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 26, 2022 (intra-day)

#### INVESTMENT STRATEGY BRIEF

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### EQUITY EARNINGS AT RISK?

Many companies citing supply chain, inflation, and recession

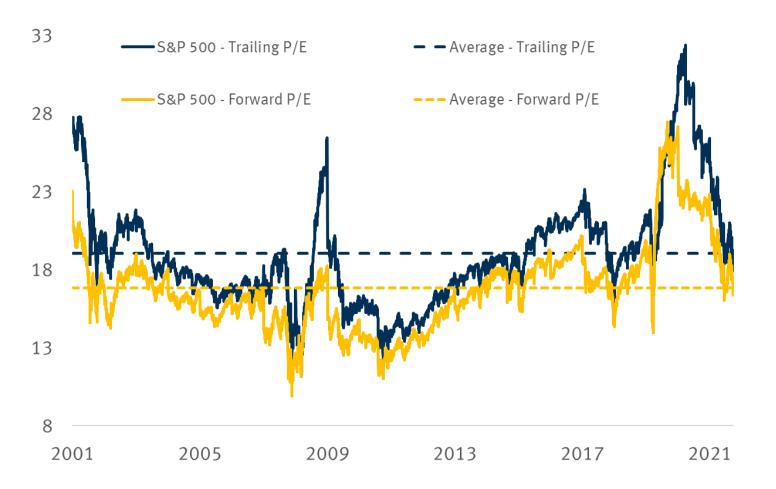


Source: Stifel Investment Strategy via FactSet, as of September 23, 2022

### **STOCKS GETTING "CHEAPER"**

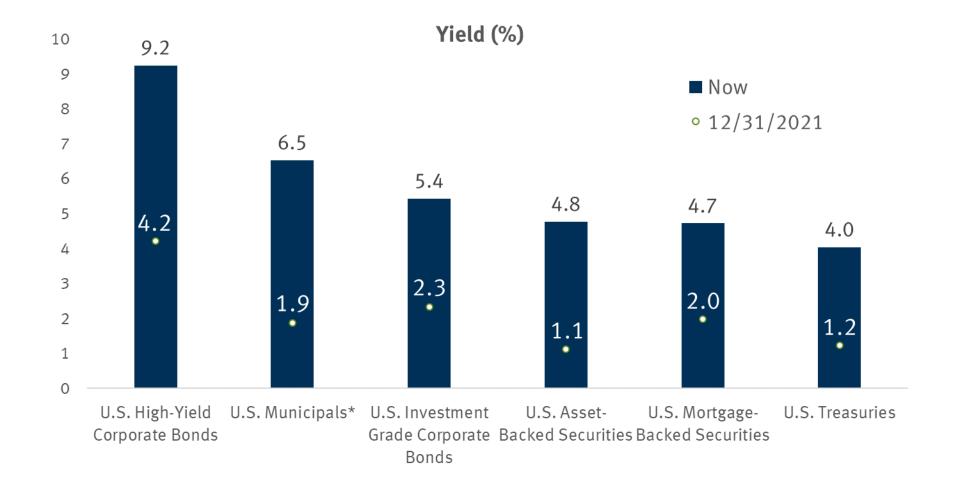
#### Read: Risks to the Stock Market

S&P 500 P/E Ratios



Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 26, 2022 (intra-day)

### BONDS ATTRACTIVE

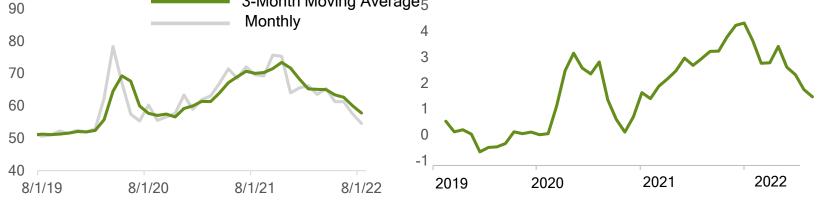


\*Based on taxable equivalent yield. Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 26, 2022 (intra-day)

# STIFEL WHEN WILL SUPPLY CHAIN PRESSURES

#### Market Sight/Lines - Exploring the Data: Supply Chain Pressures May Be





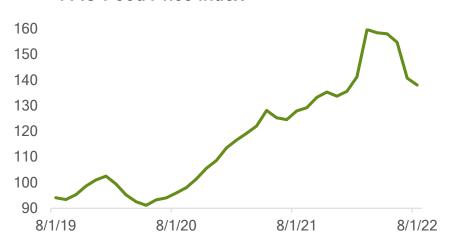
Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 23, 2022

### WHEN WILL INFLATION COOL?

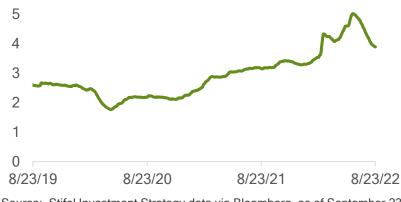
**FAO Food Price Index** 

Market Sight/Lines - Exploring the Data: Inflation May Be Cooling





Average Gas Price 6(\$/gallon)



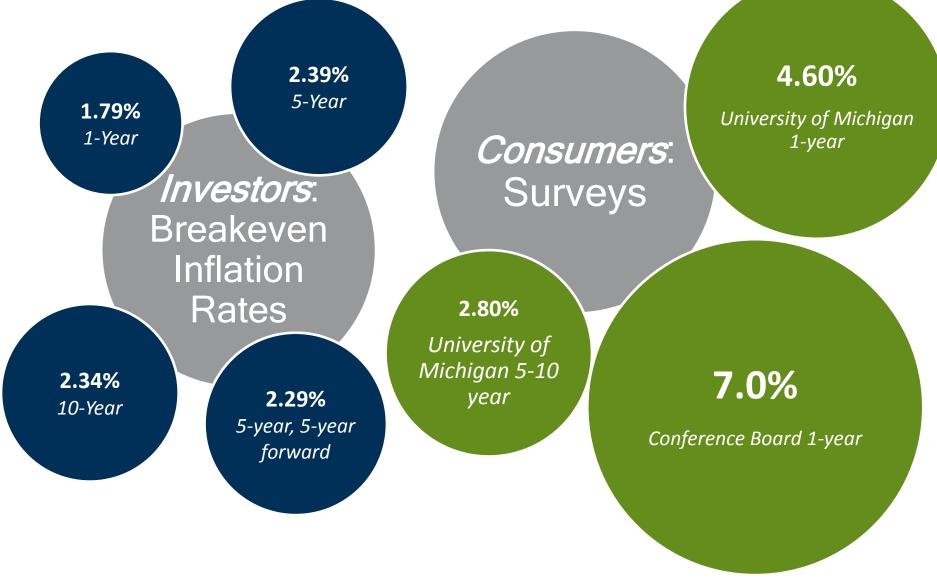
**Consumer Price Index** 

	C	Ы	Core CPI	
_	<u>Monthly</u>	Annualized	<u>Monthly</u>	<u>Annualized</u>
2020	0.11%	1.29%	0.13%	1.60%
2021	0.57%	7.10%	0.45%	5.48%
1H22	0.89%	11.16%	0.55%	6.85%
July '22	0.00%	0.00%	0.30%	3.66%
August '22	0.10%	1.21%	0.60%	7.44%

Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 23, 2022

INVESTMENT STRATEGY BRIEF

### INFLATION EXPECTATIONS



# STIFEL WHEN CAN THE FED SHIFT POLICY?

#### Fed's Dual Mandate

#### **Price Stability: 2%**

- Wage pressures subside
- Food/shelter/core goods prices ease
- Supply chain pressures ease
- Inflation expectations fall towards 2%
- Monthly CPI trends lower
- Monthly PCE trends lower

#### **Maximum Employment**

- Job quits slow
- Initial jobless claims rise
- Unemployment to job openings ratio declines
- Unemployment above 4.4%
- Deep recession
- Severe financial conditions

### NAVIGATING THE REST OF 2022

	SEPTEMBER
2	Employment
13/14	Inflation
15	Retail Sales
16	Consumer Sentiment
20/21	Housing
21	Fed Policy Decision
21	FOMC Economic Projections

#### OCTOBER

7	Employment
12	Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) Minutes
13/14	Inflation
14	Retail Sales
14	Consumer Sentiment
19/20	Housing
27	3rd Quarter GDP (Adv Est.)

#### OTHER IMPORTANT TOPICS

- Russia-Ukraine War
- China-Taiwan Tensions
- Progression of Earnings Forecasts
- 3rd Quarter Earnings Season
- Progression of PMI measures
- Business and consumer sentiment
- Global Inflation
- Global Central Bank Policy

#### NOVEMBER

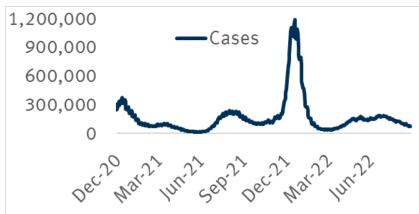
- Fed Policy Decision
  Employment
- 8 Mid Term Elections
- 10 CPI/Core CPI
- 11 Consumer Sentiment
- 15 PPI/Core PPI
- 16 Retail Sales
- 17/18 Housing
- 23 FOMC Minutes

# DECEMBER2Employment9Consumer Sentiment9/13Inflation14Fed Policy Decision14FOMC Economic Projections15Retail Sales20/21Housing



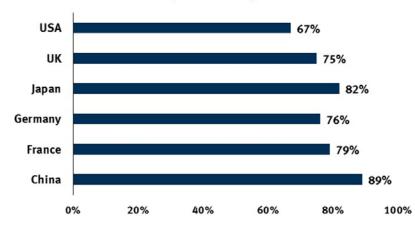
### **Macro Environment**

### PANDEMIC EASING





Source: Stifel Investment Strategy via Bloomberg, Our World in Data, as of September 23, 2022; based on 7-day moving average data. Change in cases, deaths, and hospitalizations shown above.



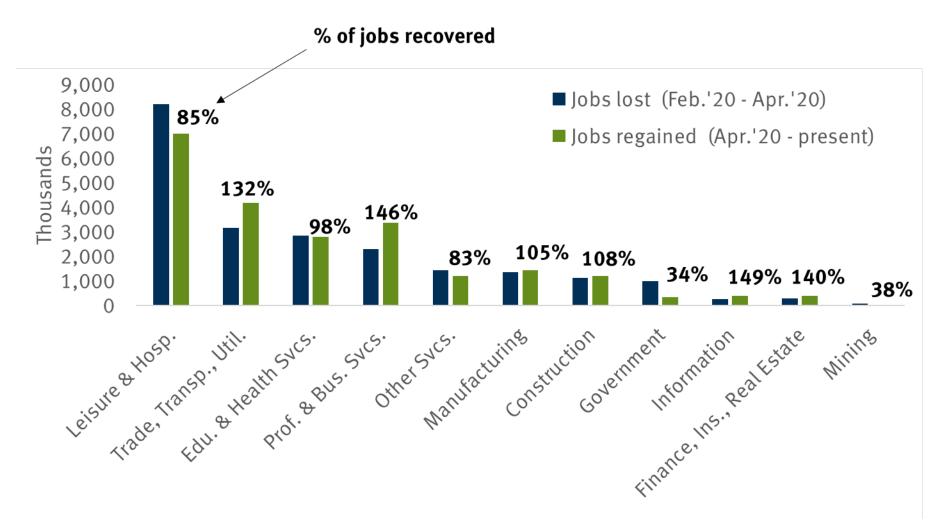
	EFFECTIVENESS AT PREVENTING							
		<u>Original S</u>	rain	Omicron Va	riant			
	Vaccine	Severe Disease	Infection	Severe Disease	Infection			
	Johnson & Johnson	86%	72%	57%	33%			
U.S.	Moderna	97%	92%	73%	48%			
	Pfizer/BioNTech	95%	86%	72%	44%			
เล	CanSino	66%	62%	48%	32%			
China	CoronaVac	50%	47%	37%	24%			
Ö	Sinopharm	73%	68%	53%	35%			

Source: Stifel Investment Strategy via IHME healthdata.org as of February 18, 2022

#### Share of Population Fully Vaccinated

Source: Stifel Investment Strategy via ourworldindata.org as of September 26, 2022 INVESTMENT STRATEGY BRIEF

### STRONG JOBS RECOVERY



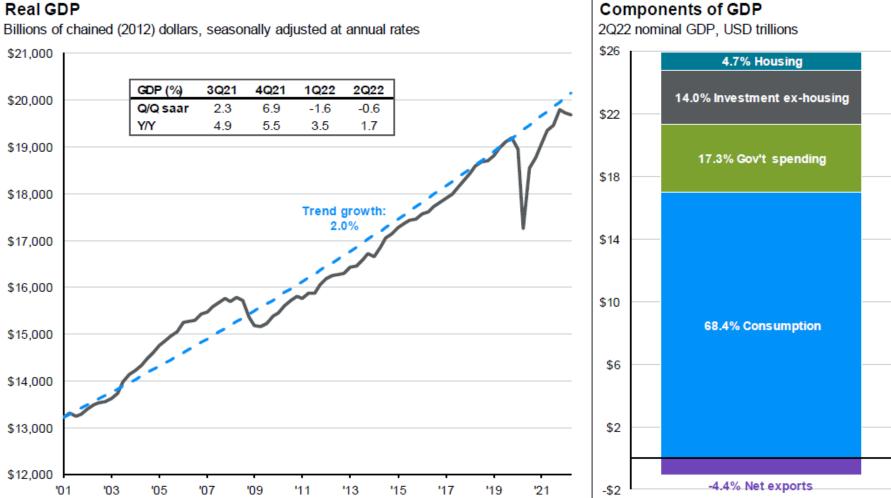
Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 26, 2022



Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 26, 2022

### **ECONOMIC GROWTH SLOWING**

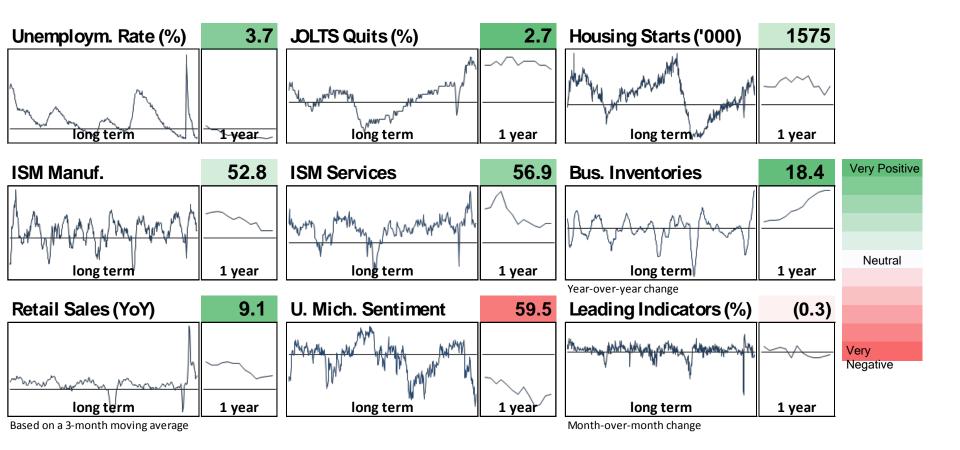
#### Real GDP



Source: BEA, FactSet, J.P. Morgan Asset Management, Values may not sum to 100% due to rounding. Trend growth is measured as the average annual growth rate from business cycle peak 1Q01 to business cycle peak 4Q19. Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of September 22, 2022.

### LEADING INDICATORS TURNING

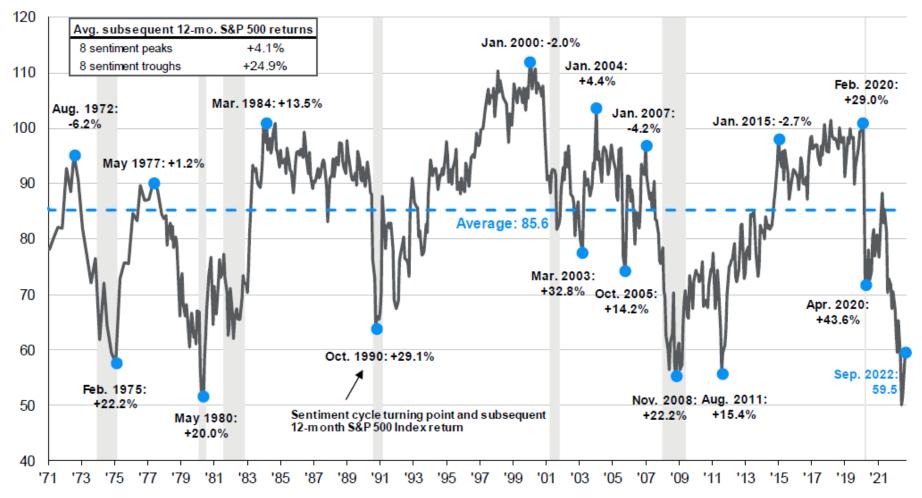
#### The Economy



Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 23, 2022

### **CONSUMER CONFIDENCE LOW**

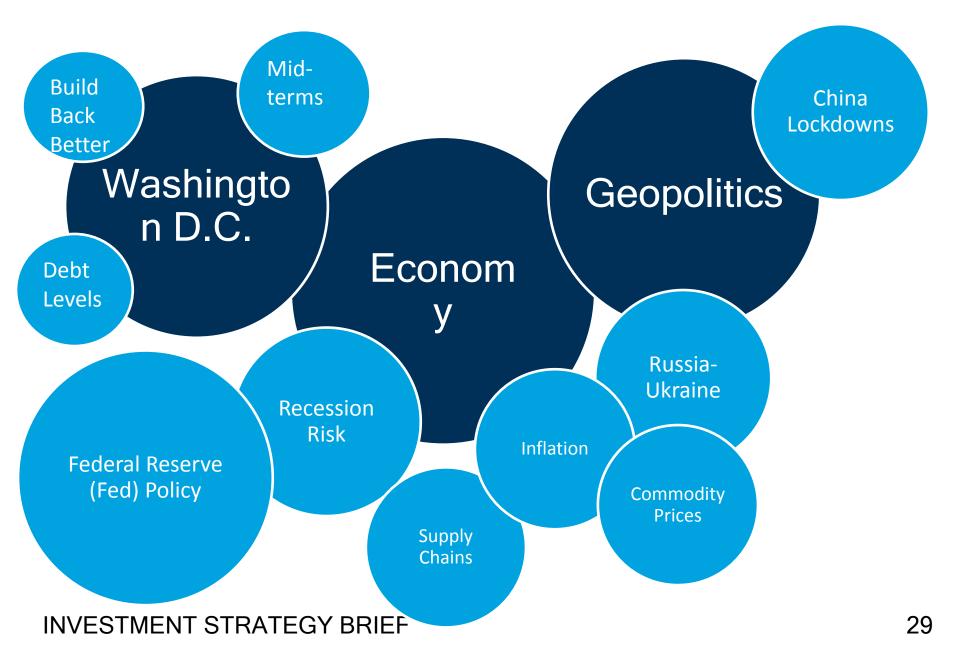
#### Consumer Sentiment Index and subsequent 12-month S&P 500 returns



Source: FactSet, Standard & Poor's, University of Michigan, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Peak is defined as the highest index value before a series of lower lows, while a trough is defined as the lowest index value before a series of higher highs. Subsequent 12-month S&P 500 returns are price returns only, which excludes dividends. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of September 22, 2022.

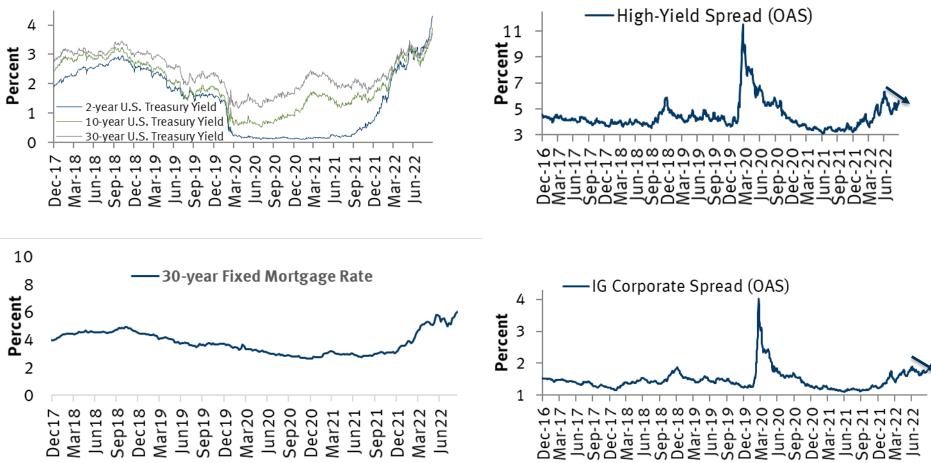


### SOURCES OF VOLATILITY



### HIGHER INTEREST RATES

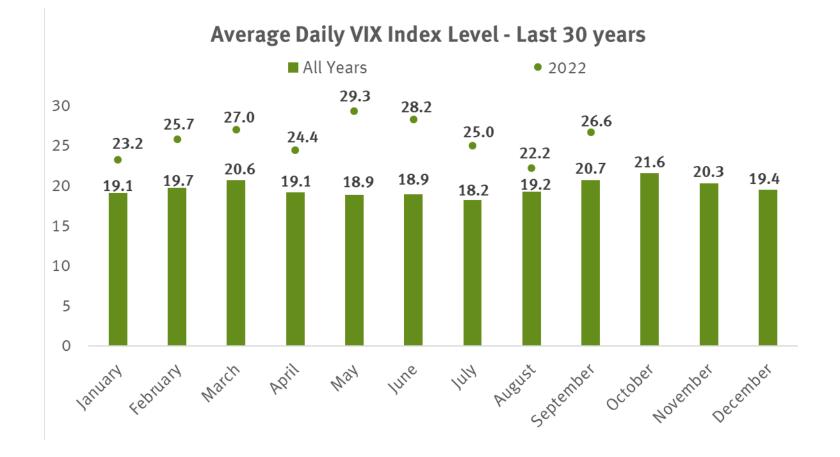
#### Rates and Spreads



OAS Spread is the measurement of the spread of a fixed-income security rate and the risk-free rate of return, which is adjusted to take into account an embedded option

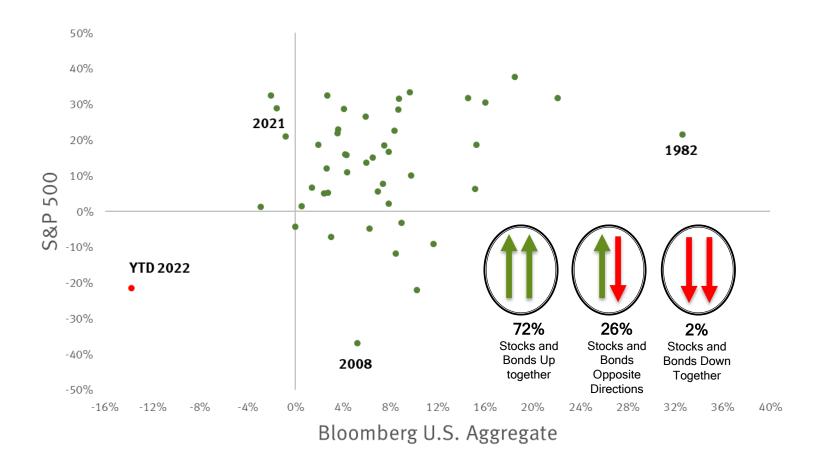
Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 26, 2022 (intra-day)

### 2022 A VOLATILE YEAR



Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 27, 2022 (intra-day)

### 60/40 DISAPPOINTS IN 2022



Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 23, 2022. Data since 1977.

### A HAWKISH SHIFT LIKE NO OTHER?

First Fed Rate Hike	Last Fed Rate Hike	S&P 500 Return	Months to Recession
Feb-72	May-74	-7.4%	20
Nov-76	Mar-80	30.3%	37
Aug-80	Dec-80	12.1%	11
Apr-83	Aug-84	8.0%	86
Dec-86	Sep-87	30.5%	43
Mar-88	Feb-89	15.1%	27
Feb-94	Feb-95	0.7%	85
Jun-99	May-00	9.7%	21
Jun-04	Jun-06	16.2%	42
Dec-15	Dec-18	30.5%	50
	Median	13.6%	40
	Average	14.6%	42
Mar-22	?	-16.1%	?

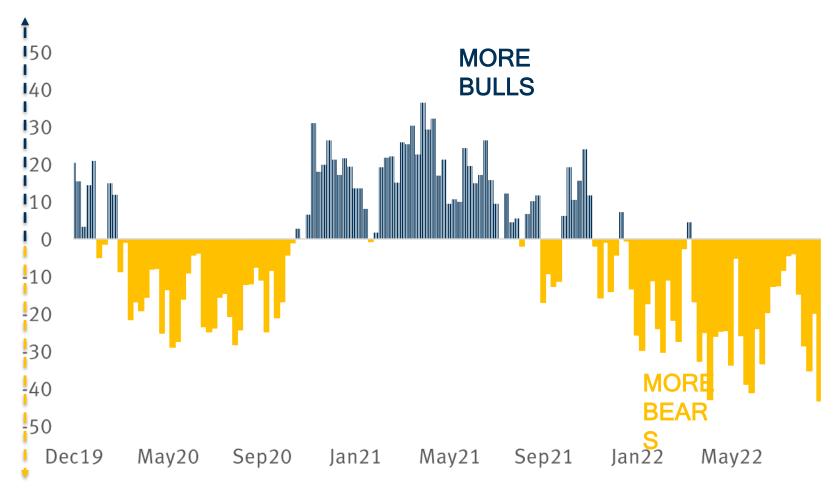
Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 26, 2022

### **RETESTING BEAR MARKET LOWS**

Index	2021 1 <sup>st</sup> Half	2021 2 <sup>nd</sup> Half	2021 Full Year	2022 YTD
S&P 500 Index	15.2%	11.7%	28.7%	-21.6%
Russell 1000 Value	17.0%	6.9%	25.1%	-15.6%
Russell 1000 Growth	13.0%	12.9%	27.6%	-28.6%
NYSE FANG+ Index	15.2%	2.1%	17.7%	-35.4%
Russell 2000 Index	17.5%	-2.3%	14.8%	-24.5%
MSCI EAFE Index	8.8%	2.2%	11.3%	-26.1%
MSCI EM Index	7.4%	-9.3%	-2.5%	-24.7%
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate	-1.6%	0.1%	-1.5%	-13.8%

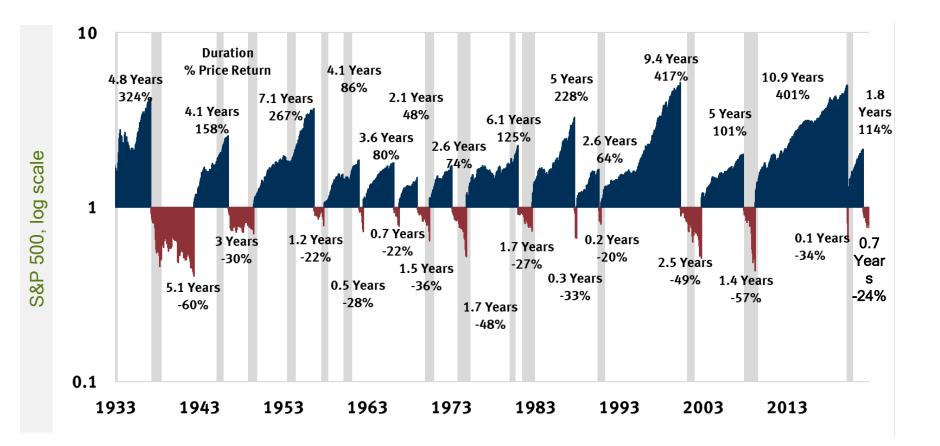
STIFEL

#### Weekly, AAII % bulls less % bears



Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, as of September 26, 2022 INVESTMENT STRATEGY BRIEF

# STIFEL BULL AND BEAR MARKETS SINCE 1932



Source: Stifel Investment Strategy data via Bloomberg, Strategas Research Partners, as of September 26, 2022



### ASSET ALLOCATION

#### 144 ASSET ALLOCATION MODELS FOR YOUR SELECTION

6 Risk Profiles	Conservative	Moderately Conservative	Aoderate	Moderate Growth	Moderate	
2 Time Frames	Strategic (Long Term) Dynamic (Near Term)	<b>3</b> Levels of Liquidity	Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3		2 Equity Choices 2 Fixed Income Choices	U.S. Focused Global Tax Sensitive Taxable

EQUITY

### ALLOCATION INSIGHTS

INVESTMENT THEMES				Underweight Neutral Overweight					
ASSET CLASS	cu	CURRENT		COMMENTS					
U.S. Equity vs. Non-U.S. Equity	•			Non-U.S. equity valuations remain attractive relative to the U.S., but we are not compelled to remain overweight given the economic and geopolitical risks stemming from the war in Ukraine and China's zero-COVID policy.					
U.S. Large Cap vs. U.S. Small Cap	+			We suggest a neutral allocation to small cap companies relative to large caps as higher rates, a shortage of labor, and higher cost pressures pose a challenge for smaller companies, which, while generally more nimble, tend to be more domestically oriented.					
U.S. Large Value vs. U. S. Large Growth			+	/e believe investors should have an allocation to both value and growth styles, with a preference for ompanies with stable profits and solid financial metrics. Rising rates and higher inflation are conditions that profically benefit the value style while the backdrop of a slowing economy typically favors growth stocks.					
Non-U.S. Developed Markets vs. Emerging Markets				We are neutral within non-U.S. equity between developed and emerging markets, as we find the risks to be balanced between both. Our team is closely following the developments in Europe and China, and we are prepared to act swiftly as we receive further clarity on the macroeconomic outlook.					
Europe vs. Japan				We are increasingly positive on the corporate governance reform in Japan that is likely to enhance shareholder value in the medium-to-long term. Given the highly uncertain environment, we elected to maintain our neutral leaning for the time being.					

### ALLOCATION INSIGHTS

	INVESTMENT T	HEMES	Underweight Neutral Overweight					
	ASSET CLASS	CURRENT	COMMENTS					
E	U.S. Investment Grade vs. U.S. High Yield	→	Within fixed income, we had been overweight of U.S. high yield relative to U.S. investment grade with the use of active management for almost 24 months. Strong commodity prices have helped many companies shore up their balance sheets. We have moved back to neutral relative to our strategic asset allocation given the rising risk of recession and limited upside potential in the near term.					
FIXED INCOME	Corporates Government/Agency MBS		Ve recommend a diversified approach to the full spectrum of investment-grade fixed income.					
	Duration		We don't expect longer-tenure interest rates to rise much higher from here. We view duration as a diversifier in a multiasset class portfolio and remain neutral to the overall market.					
ALTERNATIVES	Private Assets		For investors interested in alternative investments and able to handle illiquidity, exposure to some combination of private equity, private debt, and/or private real estate can be considered as part of a diversified portfolio.					
ALTERN	Hedge Funds		For investors interested in alternative investments and able to handle less liquidity who have conviction about manager skill, exposure to hedge funds can be a helpful part of a diversified portfolio. This is especially true in volatile, low-return environments.					



### STIFEL GUIDANCE

### See our publications at <u>Stifelinsights.com</u>

Helpful links to our economic/market analysis and corresponding investment guidance.

- Sight/Lines is a weekly note for clients, along with a <u>video summary</u> and a podcast on <u>Spotify</u>, <u>Apple</u>, <u>Omny</u>, and <u>Google</u>.
- Stifel Bits is designed for clients and prospects who might appreciate a breezy, lighthearted approach to our insights.
- <u>Market Pulse</u> is shared when the S&P 500 Index moves up or down 2%.
- The monthly *Investment Strategy Brief* video series shares our update on the current economic and market environment. The podcast: <u>Spotify</u>, <u>Apple</u>, <u>Omny</u>, and <u>Google</u>.
- The <u>weekly</u>, <u>monthly</u>, and <u>quarterly</u> *Market Perspectives* provide a recap of the most recent period's global market results.
- The monthly <u>Favorite 15</u> shares our favorite 15 slides for the month.
- *Stifel's <u>Allocation Insights</u>* provides our dynamic asset allocation leanings quarterly.
- The *Stifel 2022 Outlook Report and Video:* provide our annual outlook and related articles.
- <u>Stifel's Approach to Asset Allocation</u> summarizes our asset allocation approach and provides a catalogue of various recommended asset mix models.
- The *Stifel Financial ID* video series provides an overview of our work in behavioral finance and the related *Stifel Financial ID* model.
- In <u>Conversations Podcast</u>, Stifel's Chief Investment Officer, Michael O'Keeffe, sits down with leaders at Stifel and in the finance industry to have thought-provoking conversations related to the finance industry. Episodes are released monthly.

### APPENDIX: DISCLOSURES

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Index returns include the reinvestment of dividends but do not include adjustments for brokerage, custodian, and advisory fees.

Indices are unmanaged, do not reflect fees and expenses, and are not available for direct investment.

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Investing involves risk, including the possible loss of principal. Asset allocation and diversification do not ensure a profit or protection against loss.

Alternative Investments or Non-Traditional Assets - Alternative investments may include, but are not limited to: Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), Commodities, Futures, Hedge Funds, Venture Capital, Limited Partnerships, etc.

Real Estate - When investing in real estate companies, property values can fall due to environmental, economic, or other reasons, and changes in interest rates can negatively impact the performance.

Commodities and Futures - The risk of loss in trading commodities and futures can be substantial. You should therefore carefully consider whether such trading is suitable for you in light of your financial condition. The high degree of leverage that is often obtainable in commodity trading can work against you as well as for you. The use of leverage can lead to large losses as well as gains.

Hedge Funds - Investors should be aware that hedge funds often engage in leverage, short-selling, arbitrage, hedging, derivatives, and other speculative investment practices that may increase investment loss. Hedge funds can be highly illiquid, are not required to provide periodic pricing or valuation information to investors, and often charge high fees that can erode performance. Additionally, they may involve complex tax structures and delays in distributing tax information. While hedge funds may appear similar to mutual funds, they are not necessarily subject to the same regulatory requirements as mutual funds.

Venture Capital - Venture capital investments involve substantial risks. The risks associated with investing in companies in the start-up or expansion stages of development are greater than those of companies in later stages, because the companies' business concepts generally are unproven and the companies have little or no track record.

Limited Partnerships - Generally, limited partnership investments are suitable only for a narrow class of relatively sophisticated investors. Limited partnership investments may be speculative in nature and be subject to resale restrictions or illiquidity. An investment is appropriate only for investors who have the capacity to absorb a loss of some or all of their investment.

Bonds - When investing in bonds, it is important to note that as interest rates rise, bond prices will fall. High-yield bonds have greater credit risk than higher quality bonds.

Duration - Duration is a measure of the sensitivity of the price -- the value of principal -- of a fixed-income investment to a change in interest rates. Duration is expressed as a number of years.

Standard Deviation - Standard deviation is a measure of the dispersion of a set of data from its mean. It is calculated as the square root of variance by determining the variation between each data point relative to the mean. If the data points are further from the mean, there is higher deviation within the data set.

International and Emerging Markets - There are special considerations associated with international investing, including the risk of currency fluctuations and political and economic events. Investing in emerging markets may involve greater risk and volatility than investing in more developed countries.

Private Equity - Private equity funds are not appropriate for all investors. Investors should be aware that private equity funds may contain speculative investment practices that can lead to a loss of the entire investment. Private equity funds may invest in entities in which no secondary market exists and, as such, may be highly illiquid. The funds are not required to provide periodic pricing or valuation information to investors and often charge high fees that can erode performance. Additionally, they may involve complex tax structures and delays in distributing tax information.

Short Positions - The investor should note that when a short position moves in an unfavorable way, the losses are theoretically unlimited. The broker will demand more collateral and the manager might have to close out that short position at an inopportune time to limit any further losses.

Small Company Securities - Small company securities are typically more volatile and carry additional risks, since smaller companies generally are not as well established as larger companies.

### APPENDIX: INDEX DESCRIPTIONS

Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Bills 1-3 Months Index includes all publicly issued zero-coupon U.S. Treasury Bills that have a remaining maturity of less than three months and more than one month, are rated investment grade, and have \$250 million or more of outstanding face value.

Bloomberg U.S. Corporate IG Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of fixed-rate investment-grade taxable bond debt.

Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Corporate Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of fixed-rate investment-grade taxable bond debt.

Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield is an unmanaged index considered representative of fixed-rate, noninvestment-grade debt.

Bloomberg U.S. Government Bond Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of fixed-rate, investment-grade US Government debt.

Bloomberg Global Aggregate This index provides a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade, fixed-rate debt market.

DXY Index is a measure of the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the value of a basket of currencies of the majority of the U.S.'s most significant trading partners.

S&P 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks. The index is designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries.

Russell 1000 Index represents approximately 1,000 of the largest companies in the U.S. equity markets, the Russell 1000 is a subset of the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell 1000 (maintained by the Russell Investment Group) comprises over 90% of the total market capitalization of all listed U.S. stocks and is considered a bellwether index for large cap investing.

Russell 2000 Index measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 index.

MSCI EAFE Index captures large and mid cap representation across Developed Markets countries around the world, excluding the U.S. and Canada. With 914 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.

MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) Index captures large and mid cap representation across 23 Emerging Markets (EM) countries. With 837 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.

Morgan Stanley Market implied pace of hikes index (MSPOKE) is the number of Fed rate hikes in the 12 months following the first rate hike implied by the Eurodollar interest rate futures market.

The MSCI World Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization-weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets.

Wilshire 5000 Index is a market-capitalization-weighted index of the market value of all stocks actively traded in the United States.

VIX Index shows the market's expectation of 30-day volatility. It is constructed using the implied volatilities of a wide range of S&P 500 index options.

### APPENDIX: INDEX DESCRIPTIONS

EURO STOXX 50 is a stock index of Eurozone stocks designed by STOXX, an index provider owned by Deutsche Börse Group. According to STOXX, its goal is "to provide a blue-chip representation of Supersector leaders in the Eurozone

Cash & Cash Equivalent is represented by the Bloomberg U.S. Treasury 3-6 months Bill Index, comprised of treasury bills issued by the U.S. government with less than one year to maturity.

U.S. Government Bonds is represented by the Bloomberg U.S. Government Bond Index, comprised of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency indexes.

U.S. Corp IG Bonds is represented by the Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Bond Index, comprised of the investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market.

High-Yield Bonds is represented by the Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Bond Index, comprised of U.S. Dollar denominated, high-yield, fixed-rate corporate bond market securities.

U.S. LC (Large Cap) equities is represented by Russell 1000 Index, comprised of 1,000 of the largest U.S. securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership.

U.S. SC (Small Cap) equities is represented by the Russell 2000 Index, comprised of 2,000 of the smallest U.S. securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership.

Developed International Equities is represented by the MSCI EAFE Index, comprised of equity securities that belong to markets outside of the U.S. and Canada.

Emerging Markets Equities is represented by the MSCI EM Index, comprised of equity securities that belong to emerging markets.

Moderate Bench stands for moderate benchmark portfolio return which is a blended portfolio of stocks (60% weight, represented by MSCI AC World Index) and bonds (40% weight, represented by Bloomberg U.S. Agg Gov/Credit).

MSCI AC World Index is comprised of equity securities belonging to 23 developed markets and 24 emerging markets countries.

Bloomberg U.S. Government/Credit Bond Index is comprised investment grade, dollar-denominated, fixed-rate Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities.

KBW Restoration Index is composed of 13 high-frequency economic indicators. These indicators include those with longer histories (initial jobless claims, MBA mortgage applications, and steel production) along with newly developed gauges tracking mobility, dining reservations, and airport traffic, among others. KBW set each of the 13 indicators to 100 as of the end of February 2020, the official end of the longest economic cycle in U.S. history, and update the Index each week.

NYSE FANG+ Index is an equal-dollar weighted index designed to track the performance of highly-traded growth stocks of technology and tech-enabled companies in the technology, media & communications and consumer discretionary sectors such as Facebook, Apple, Amazon, Netflix, and Alphabet's Google.

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#### **INVESTMENT STRATEGY BRIEF**

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